



Q4 FY24 Investor Presentation

February 28, 2024

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Safe harbor

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safe harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including but not limited to, statements regarding our financial outlook, long-term financial plans, product development, business strategy and plans, market trends and market size, opportunities and positioning. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "should," "believe," "hope," "target," "project," "goals," "estimate," "potential," "predict," "may," "will," "might," "could," "intend," "shall" and variations of these terms and similar expressions are intended to identify these forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which involve factors or circumstances that are beyond our control. For example, the market for our products may develop more slowly than expected or than it has in the past; there may be significant fluctuations in our results of operations and cash flows related to our revenue recognition or otherwise; we may be unable to sustain the level of growth that our business has experienced in prior periods; we may fail to successfully integrate any new business, including Auth0, Inc.; we may be unable to attract new customers, or retain or sell additional products to existing

customers; we may be unable to retain key personnel; global economic conditions could worsen; a prior or future network, data or cyber security incident that has allowed or does allow unauthorized access to our network or data or our customers' data could damage our reputation, cause us to incur significant costs or impact the timing or our ability to land new customers or retain existing customers; we could experience interruptions or performance problems associated with our technology, including a service outage; and we may not be able to pay off our convertible senior notes when due. Further information on potential factors that could affect our financial results is included in our most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent our views only as of the date of this presentation and we assume no obligation and do not intend to update these forward-looking statements.

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Agenda



02 Q4 FY24 Financial Review

03 Q1 FY25 and FY25 Financial Outlook

)4 Appendix

Company Overview







Vision

Free everyone to safely use any technology











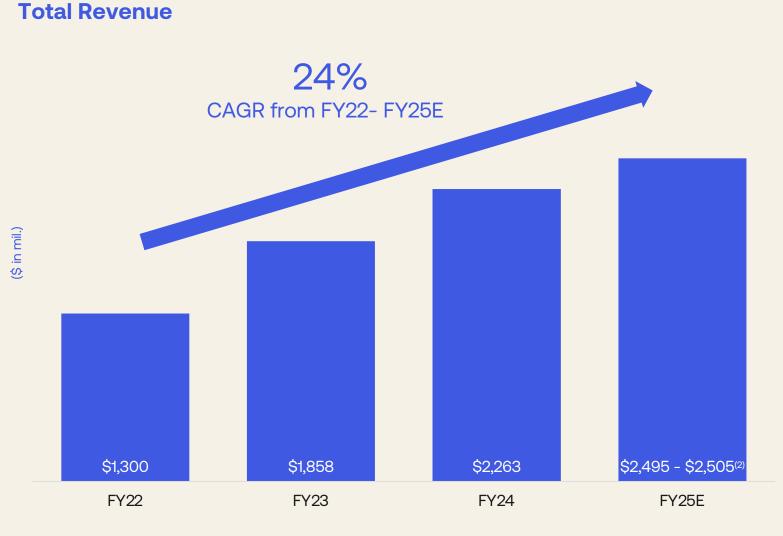
Okta at a Glance

18,950 Total customers

\$3.385B Remaining performance obligations (RPO)

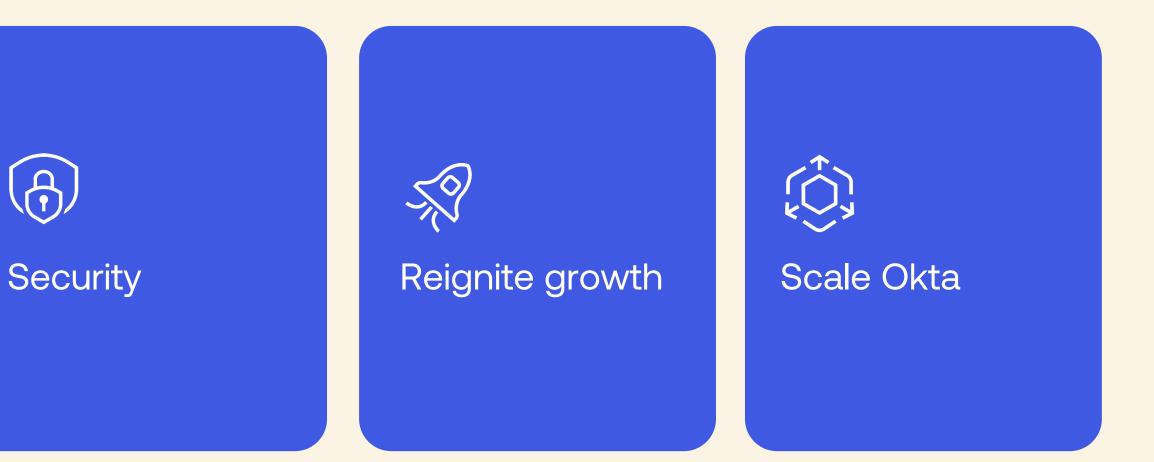
111% TTM Dollar-based net retention rate⁽¹⁾ at January 31, 2024

- Trailing Twelve Months (TTM) dollar-based net retention rate is calculated based on total ACV. See Appendix for definition.
 EV255 revenue is an actimate based on authority on of
- (2) FY25E revenue is an estimate based on outlook as of February 28, 2024.





FY25 Priorities



Okta Secure Identity Commitment To lead the industry in the fight against identity attacks

PILLARS

Provide market leading secure Identity products and services Champion customer best practices to ensure our customers are best protected

Elevate our industry to be more protected from Identity attacks

Harden our corporate infrastructure



Identity is the critical foundation for connection and trust between users and technology



Every C-suite leader uses identity



The Okta Identity Cloud

Delivers a unified identity solution

Okta Trust: Cloud security certifications with 99.99% uptime

Vendor neutrality supports best-of-breed stack

Cloud-first: Providing hybrid access from cloud to ground

Unified solution to secure workforce, customer and infrastructure identity

7,000+ OIN integrations

All powered by a **unified, extensible identity platform**

Better Together

Workforce Identity Cloud

Employees • Contractors • Business Partners



Consumer Apps and Digital Experiences • SaaS Apps

auth0

okta



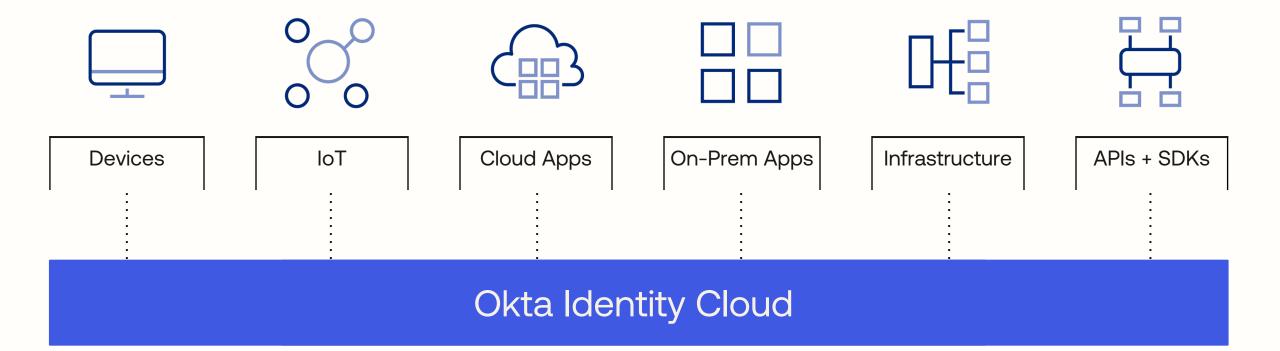
Okta Identity Platform

One Unified Identity Solution





One Platform to Secure Every Identity



Delivering Measurable Customer Value



Mitigate risk

Reduced time to detect and respond to malicious attacks



Accelerate growth & innovation

Faster application launch and time-to-revenue

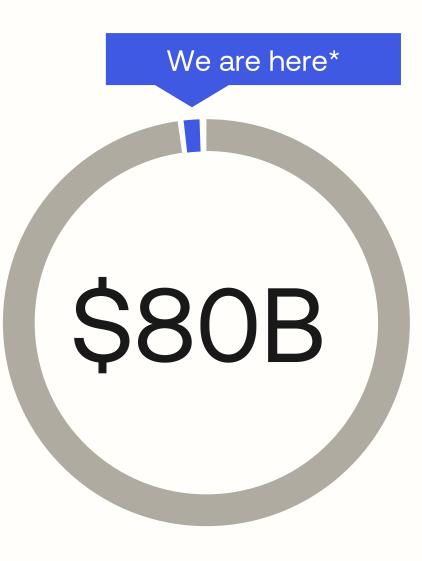


Reduce costs & streamline ops

Reduced operations and maintenance costs compared with on-prem solutions



Okta's Opportunity



* See Appendix for TAM calculation methodology. Figure not drawn to scale.



Multiple Growth Vectors



Innovation in platform and network

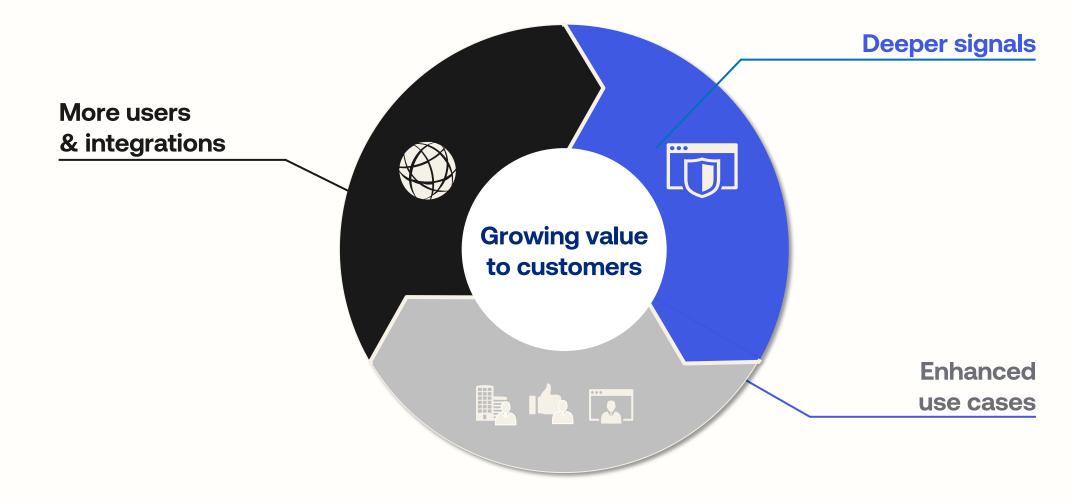
Landing and expanding in large enterprise

International expansion

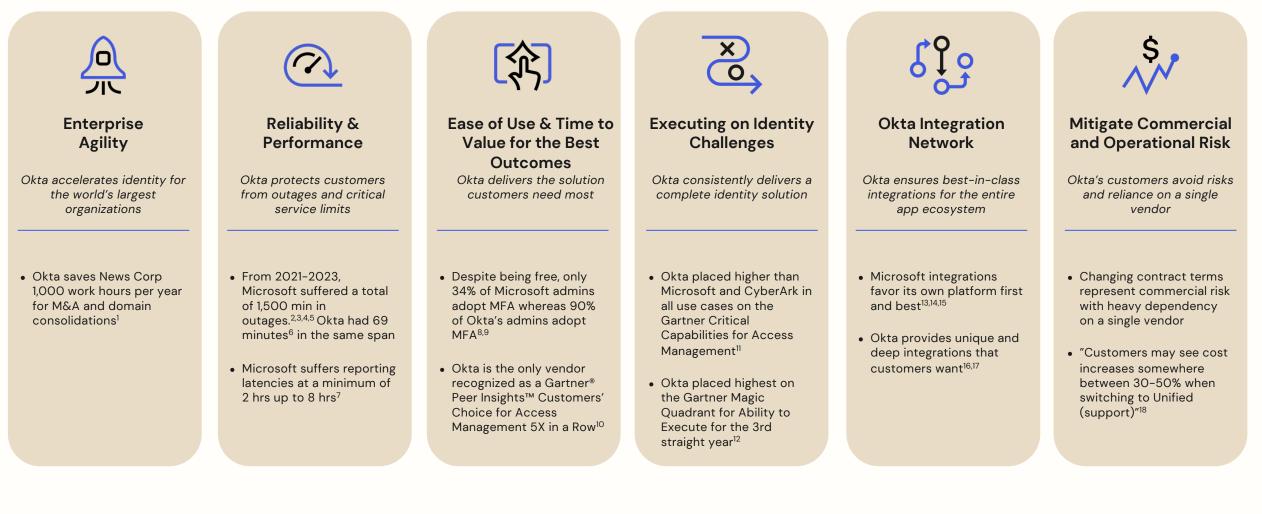
Leveraging partner ecosystem

Innovation in Platform and Network

More users and integrations result in deeper signals and enhanced use cases



Okta is the superior choice vs. Microsoft - every time



See Appendix for sources.

Environmental, Social and Governance

\$7.3M In cash contributed by the Okta for Good Fund,

Okta, Inc., and Okta employees

~4,000



\$6.0M In technology and services donated

88%

Employee participation in Okta for Good

Nonprofits supported through giving and



000

21

Employees and interns brought on as part of workforce development initiatives

100%

Continued efforts to achieve 100% renewable electricity of our offices, remote workforce, and third-party cloud service electricity consumption

Learn more at https://www.okta.com/responsibility

volunteering



Q4 FY24 Financial Review & Financial Outlook

Q4 FY24 Financial Highlights

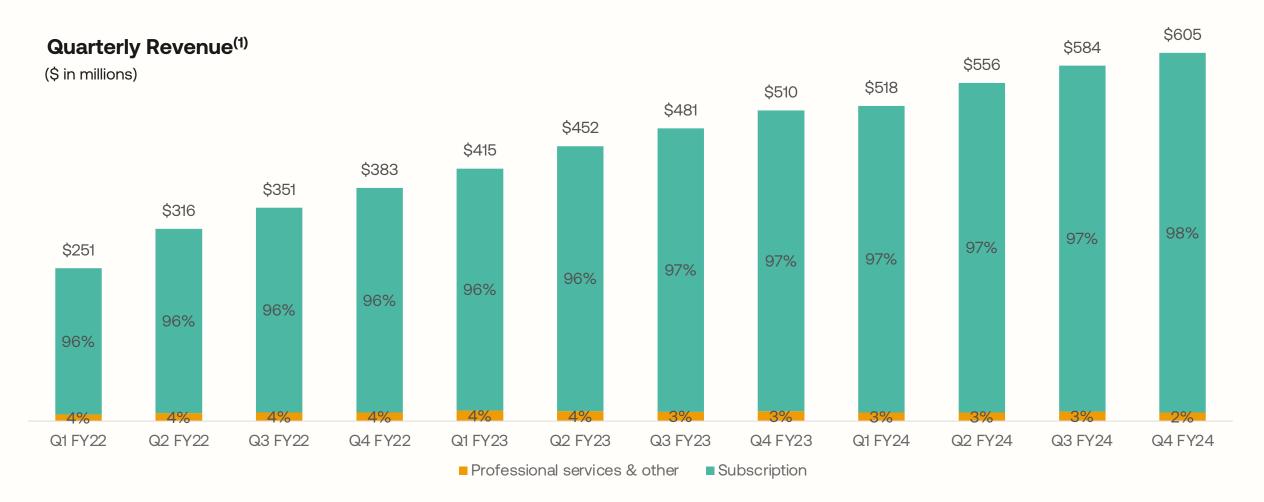
	Q4 FY24	vs. Q4 FY23
Total Revenue	\$605M	+ 19%
Subscription Revenue	\$591M	+ 20%
Remaining Performance Obligations (RPO)	\$3,385M	+ 13%
Current Remaining Performance Obligations (cRPO)	\$1,952M	+ 16%
TTM Dollar Based Net Retention Rate	111%	- 9 pts
Non-GAAP Gross Margin ⁽¹⁾	81.6%	+ 2.7 pts
Non-GAAP Operating Margin ⁽¹⁾	21.2%	+ 12.2 pts
Free Cash Flow Margin ⁽¹⁾	27.6%	+ 13.4 pts ⁽²⁾
TTM Total Rev. Growth + Free Cash Flow Margin ("Rule of 40")	43%	- 3 pts
Total Customers	18,950	+ 8%
Customers > \$100K ACV	4,485	+ 14%
	ACV Split ⁽³⁾	Growth Rate
Workforce Identity ACV	60% of total	+ 17%
Customer Identity ACV (1) See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliation.	40% of total	+ 21%

(2) Y/Y change may not sum due to rounding.

(3) Disclosures for the three-month period ending January 31, 2024.

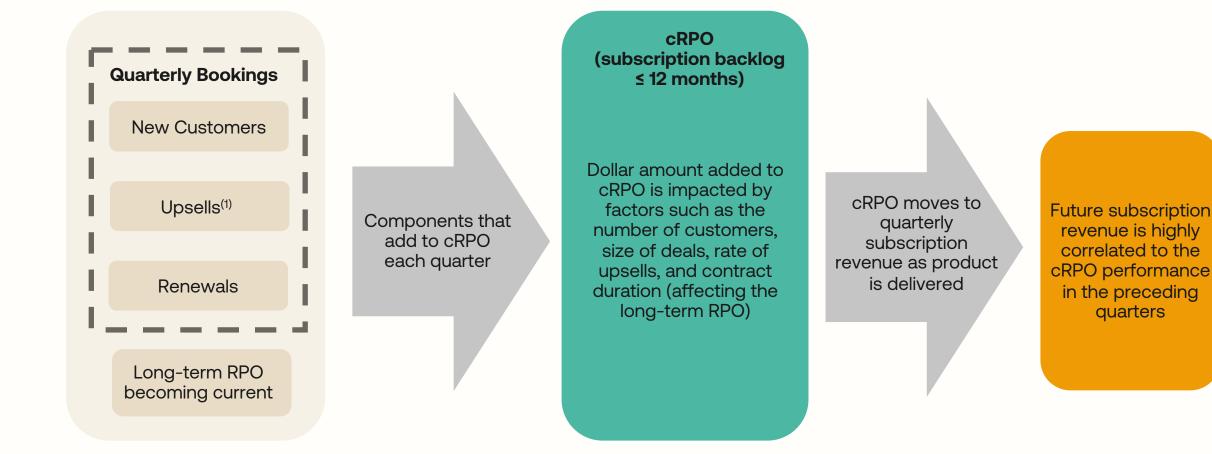
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Total Revenue Up 19% Y/Y; Subscription Revenue Up 20% Y/Y



(1) Includes \$38M, \$46M, \$56M, and \$66M from AuthO in Q2, Q3, and Q4 of FY22, and Q1 of FY23, respectively.

cRPO is a Leading Indicator for Future Subscription Revenue



RPO Up 13% Y/Y; Current RPO Up 16% Y/Y



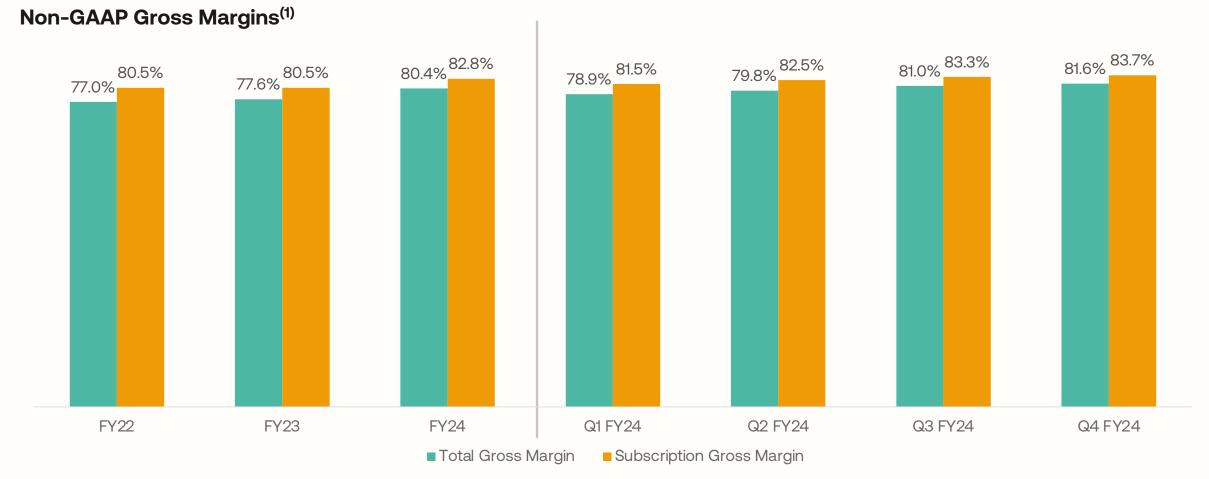
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TTM Dollar-based Net Retention Rate of 111%

TTM Dollar-based net retention rate



Strong and Expanding Non-GAAP Gross Margins



(1) See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliation.

Efficiency and Reduced Cost Structure Yielding Significant Margin Improvement

Non-GAAP Operating Margin⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



(1) See appendix for non-GAAP reconciliation.

(2) FY22 includes 3 quarters of impact from Auth0.

(3) FY25E is an estimate based on outlook as of February 28, 2024.

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Free Cash Flow Margin⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾



Over 18,950 Total Customers



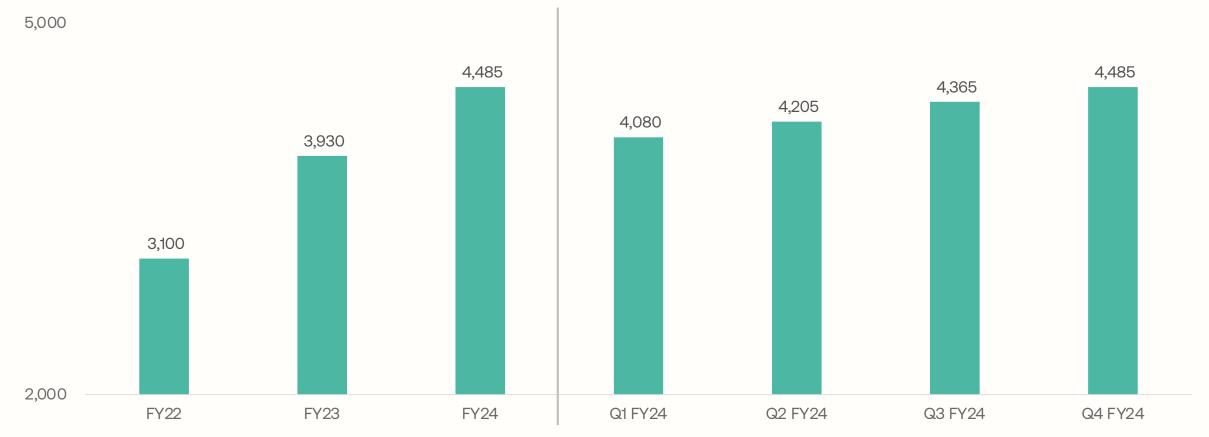
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(1)

Includes one time addition of 1,650 customers from Auth0 in Q2 FY22.

Customers with >\$100K Annual Contract Value at 4,485

Customers with >\$100K ACV⁽¹⁾



(1) Includes one time addition of 375 >\$100K ACV customers from Auth0 in Q2 FY22.

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Financial Outlook⁽¹⁾ for Q1 FY25

	Q1 FY25 (April 30, 2023)
Total Revenue Total Revenue Growth (Y/Y)	\$603M to \$605M 16-17%
Current Remaining Performance Obligations cRPO Growth (Y/Y)	\$1,915M to \$1,920M <i>1</i> 3%
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$108M to \$110M
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	18%
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share ⁽²⁾	\$0.54 to \$0.55
Diluted Weighted Average Share Count ⁽³⁾	182 million
Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow Margin	~25%

(1) Outlook is as of February 28, 2024. Okta has not reconciled its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures because certain items are out of Okta's control or cannot be reasonably predicted. Accordingly, reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures are not available without unreasonable effort.

(2) Based on non-GAAP effective tax rate of 26%.

(3) Fully diluted share count is on a non-GAAP basis.



Financial Outlook⁽¹⁾ for FY25

	Fiscal 2025 (January 31, 2025)
Total Revenue Total Revenue Growth (Y/Y)	\$2,495M to \$2,505M 10-11%
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$455M to \$465M
Non-GAAP Operating Margin	18-19%
Non-GAAP Diluted Net Income Per Share ⁽²⁾	\$2.24 to \$2.29
Diluted Weighted Average Share Count ⁽³⁾	182 million
Non-GAAP Free Cash Flow Margin	~21%

(1) Outlook is as of February 28, 2024. Okta has not reconciled its forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures because certain items are out of Okta's control or cannot be reasonably predicted. Accordingly, reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures are not available without unreasonable effort.

(2) Based on non-GAAP effective tax rate of 26%.

(3) Fully diluted share count is on a non-GAAP basis.



Key Takeaways

Strong foundation for growth at scale

Large addressable markets with multiple growth vectors

Positioned for profitable growth⁽¹⁾





Appendix

Total Addressable Market Calculation Methodology

Workforce Identity and Identity Governance and Administration (IGA) TAM based on over 50,000 U.S. businesses with more than 250 employees (per 2019 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics) multiplied by 12-month ARR assuming adoption of all our current products and announced IGA products which implies a market of \$21 billion domestically, then multiplied by two to account for international opportunity. Privileged Access Management (PAM) TAM based on internal estimates of Modern Infrastructure Access spend as a percent of Total Cloud Spend based on Gartner Forecast Analysis: Public Cloud Services, Worldwide report.

\$30B Customer Identity TAM based on 4.4 billion combined Facebook users and service employees worldwide multiplied by internal application usage and pricing assumptions.



Sources: Okta is the superior choice vs. Microsoft

- ¹ News Corp transforms media. Okta helps all 25,000 global employees connect., Okta.
- ² Microsoft 365 outage blocks access to web apps and services, BleepingComputer (Apr 2023)
- ³ Global Azure AD outage affecting Microsoft 365 Services, Exoprise (Dec 2021)
- ⁴ <u>Microsoft 365 MFA outage locks users out of their accounts, BleepingComputer (Sept 2021)</u>
- ⁵ <u>Microsoft's latest cloud authentication outage: What went wrong, ZDNet (Mar 2021)</u>
- ⁶ Okta Status
- ⁷ Azure AD Report Latencies, GitHub
- ⁸ Heard at TEC: Don't Feed The Script Kiddies Enable MFA Now!, Quest (Sep 2022)
- ⁹ The Secure Sign-in Trends Report 2023, Okta
- ¹⁰ <u>2023 Gartner[®] Peer Insights[™] Customers' Choice in Access Management</u>
- ¹¹ Gartner Critical Capabilities for Access Management, 2023
- ¹² <u>2023 Gartner[®] Magic Quadrant[™] for Access Management</u>
- ¹³ Known Limitations to Custom Controls, Microsoft
- ¹⁴ Support third-party device compliance partners in Intune, Microsoft
- ¹⁵ Azure Active Directory Report Latencies, GitHub
- ¹⁶ Identity Threat Protection with Okta Al, Okta
- ¹⁷ Workday Real-Time Sync, Okta
- ¹⁸ The Growing Cost of Microsoft Premier/Unified Support, US Cloud



Statement Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial measures and other metrics. This appendix contains our reconciliation of those non-GAAP measures and other financial metrics.

This presentation may reference one or more of the following non-GAAP financial measures: non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP gross margin, non-GAAP operating income (loss), non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income (loss), n

Certain of these non-GAAP financial measures exclude stock-based compensation, non-cash charitable contributions, amortization of acquired intangibles, acquisition and integration-related expenses, restructuring costs related to severance and termination benefits and lease impairments in connection with the closing of certain leased facilities, amortization of debt discount, amortization of debt issuance costs and (gain) loss on early extinguishment of debt. Acquisition and integration-related expenses include transaction costs and other non-recurring incremental costs incurred through the one-year anniversary of the transaction close.

In addition to these exclusions, starting in fiscal 2024, we subtract an assumed provision for income taxes to calculate non-GAAP net income. We utilize a fixed long-term projected tax rate of 26% in our computation of the non-GAAP income tax provision to provide better consistency across the reporting periods. The non-GAAP tax rate could be subject to change for a variety of reasons, including changes in tax laws and regulations, significant changes in our geographic earnings mix, or other changes to our strategy or business operations. We will periodically reevaluate the projected long-term tax rate, as necessary, for significant events, based on our ongoing analysis of relevant tax law changes, material changes in the forecasted geographic earnings mix, and any significant acquisitions.

Free cash flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is calculated as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities, less cash used for purchases of property and equipment, net of sales proceeds, and capitalized software. Free cash flow margin is calculated as free cash flow as a percentage of total revenue.

Our dollar-based net retention rate is based upon our annual contract value, or ACV, which is calculated based on the terms of that customer's contract and represents the total contracted annual subscription amount as of that period end. We calculate our dollar-based net retention rate as of a period end by starting with the ACV from all customers as of twelve months prior to such period end, or prior period ACV. We then calculate the ACV from these same customers as of the current period end, or current period ACV. Current period ACV includes any upsells and is net of contraction or churn over the trailing twelve months but excludes ACV from new customers in the current period. We then divide the current period ACV by the prior period ACV to arrive at our dollar-based net retention rate.

We believe that non-GAAP financial information, when taken collectively, may be helpful to investors because it provides consistency and comparability with past financial performance and assists in comparisons with other companies, some of which use similar non-GAAP financial information to supplement their GAAP results.

The non-GAAP financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only, and should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, and may be different from similarly-titled non-GAAP measures used by other companies.

The principal limitation of these non-GAAP financial measures is that they exclude significant expenses that are required by GAAP to be recorded in our financial statements. In addition, they are subject to inherent limitations as they reflect the exercise of judgment by our management about which expenses are excluded or included in determining these non-GAAP financial measures. A reconciliation is provided in the appendix for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP.

Investors are encouraged to review the related GAAP financial measures and the reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business. Please see the tables included in this presentation for the reconciliation of GAAP and non-GAAP results.



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations - Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions)

Q1 FY22 Q2 FY22 Q3 FY22 Q4 FY22 **FY22** Q1 FY23 Q2 FY23 Q3 FY23 Q4 FY23 **FY23** Q1 FY24 Q2 FY24 Q3 FY24 Q4 FY24 FY24 GAAP subscription gross profit 188 \$ 219 267 920 \$ 287 376 1.330 381 465 \$ 1,703 \$ \$ 246 \$ \$ \$ 318 \$ 349 \$ \$ \$ \$ 414 \$ 443 \$ Stock-based compensation 7 13 13 16 49 17 18 17 17 69 16 21 20 18 75 34 Amortization of acquired intangibles 1 10 11 12 10 12 11 13 46 12 12 11 12 47 Acquisition and integration-related expenses 2 1 ____ 1 1 _____ _____ ____ ____ ____ 409 Non-GAAP subscription gross profit \$ 196 \$ 243 \$ 271 \$ 295 \$ 1.005 \$ 315 \$ 348 \$ 377 \$ 406 \$ 1.446 \$ \$ 447 \$ 474 \$ 495 \$ 1.825 Non-GAAP subscription gross margin 80.0 % 80.5 % 83.7 % 81.9 % 80.0 % 80.5 % 79.9 % 80.5 % 79.3 % 80.9 % 81.6 % 81.5 % 82.5 % 83.3 % 82.8 % GAAP professional services gross profit \$ (3)\$ (5) (3)(16)\$ (3) (4) (6) (5) (5) \$ (21) \$ (5) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (18)\$ \$ (7) \$ (4) \$ (5)3 3 Stock-based compensation 3 2 12 3 14 3 15 4 4 4 4 4 4 (3) Non-GAAP professional services gross profit \$ \$ (2) \$ (1) \$ (1) (4) \$ \$ (1) \$ (2) \$ (2) \$ (4) \$ (1) \$ \$ (1) \$ (1) \$ (6) \$ 1 ____ Non-GAAP professional services gross (4.0)% (8.2)% (8.4)% (7.7)% (7.2)% 2.5 % (6.8)% (10.5)% (3.5)% (4.4)% (12.5)% (19.7)% (2.7)% (8.6)% (10.8)% margin GAAP total gross profit \$ 185 \$ 214 \$ 241 \$ 264 \$ 904 \$ 284 \$ 314 \$ 343 \$ 371 \$ 1,312 \$ 376 \$ 407 \$ 439 \$ 460 \$ 1,682 Stock-based compensation 10 16 17 18 61 21 21 21 20 83 20 25 23 22 90 Amortization of acquired intangibles 10 11 12 34 10 12 11 13 46 12 12 11 12 47 1 2 Acquisition and integration-related expenses 1 1 ____ 1 1 ____ ____ 196 294 347 \$ 1,442 408 444 494 Non-GAAP total gross profit \$ \$ 241 \$ 270 \$ \$ 1,001 \$ 316 \$ \$ 375 \$ 404 \$ \$ \$ 473 \$ \$ 1,819 Non-GAAP total gross margin 78.1 % 76.5 % 76.9 % 76.8 % 77.0 % 76.1 % 76.8 % 78.0 % 78.9 % 77.6 % 78.9 % 79.8 % 81.0 % 81.6 % 80.4 %

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GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations - Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions)

	C	1 FY22	Q	2 FY22	Q	3 FY22	Q	4 FY22		FY22	Q	1 FY23	Q	2 FY23	Q	3 FY23	Q	4 FY23		FY23	Q	1 FY24	Q	2 FY24	Q	3 FY24	Q	4 FY24		FY24
GAAP research and development expense	\$	69	\$	122	\$	131	\$	147	\$	469	\$	162	\$	156	\$	148	\$	154	\$	620	\$	163	\$	172	\$	165	\$	156	\$	656
Stock-based compensation		20		53		57		63		193		70		70		69		66		275		68		74		70		65		277
Non-GAAP research and development expense	\$	49	\$	69	\$	74	\$	84	\$	276	\$	92	\$	86	\$	79	\$	88	\$	345	\$	95	\$	98	\$	95	\$	91	\$	379
Non-GAAP research and development expense as a percentage of revenue		19.4 %		21.8 %		21.0 %		22.1 %		21.2 %		22.3 %		19.0 %		16.5 %		16.9 %		18.5 %		18.4 %		17.6 %		16.2 %		15.2 %		16.8 %
	۴	4 4 7	¢	400	¢	204	¢	000	\$	774	۴	050	¢	005	\$	200	¢	050	¢	1.000	۴	050	¢	004	¢	070	¢	040	¢	1 000
GAAP sales and marketing expense	\$	147	Ф	198	Ф	204	Ф	222	Ф	771	Ф	252	Ф	265	Ф	290	\$	259	\$	1,066	\$	256	\$	261	\$	270	\$	249	\$	1,036
Stock-based compensation		22		41		39		34		136		39		39		41		40		159		38		41		40		37		156
Amortization of acquired intangibles		—		10		10		10		30		10		10		10		9		39		11		6		(7		31
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		_		1		1		1		3		1						_		1		_				_		_		
Non-GAAP sales and marketing expense	\$	125	\$	146	\$	154	\$	177	\$	602	\$	202	\$	216	\$	239	\$	210	\$	867	\$	207	\$	214	\$	223	\$	205	\$	849
Non-GAAP sales and marketing expense as a percentage of revenue		50.0 %		46.4 %		43.8 %		46.1 %		46.3 %		48.7 %		47.8 %		49.6 %		41.3 %		46.7 %		40.1 %		38.5 %		38.1 %		33.8 %		37.5 %
GAAP general and administrative expense	\$	60	\$	158	\$	105	\$	109	\$	432	\$	110	\$	101	\$	98	\$	100	\$	409	\$	110	\$	119	\$	111	\$	110	\$	450
Stock-based compensation		13		78		43		42		176		41		40		41		38		160		40		45		39		37		161
Non-cash charitable contributions		2		2		2		2		8		1		1		_		2		4		1		1		2		2		6
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		7		28		8		8		51		5		_		_		_		5		_				_		2		2
Non-GAAP general and administrative expense	\$	38	\$	50	\$	52	\$	57	\$	197	\$	63	\$	60	\$	57	\$	60	\$	240	\$	69	\$	73	\$	70	\$	69	\$	281
Non-GAAP general and administrative expense as a percentage of revenue		15.0 %		16.1 %		14.8 %		14.8 %		15.2 %		15.0 %		13.4 %		11.9 %		11.8 %		12.9 %		13.3 %		13.1 %		12.0 %		11.5 %		12.4 %
GAAP restructuring and other charges	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14	\$	15	\$	29	\$	7	\$	17	\$	4	\$	28	\$	56
Restructuring costs		_		_		_		—		_		-		—		14		15		29		7		17		4		28		56
Non-GAAP restructuring and other charges	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—
Non-GAAP restructuring and other charges as a percentage of revenue		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		— %		9

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations - Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions)

	Q	1 FY22	Q	2 FY22	Q	3 FY22	Q	4 FY22	FY22	C	1 FY23	Q	2 FY23	Q3	3 FY23	Q	4 FY23		FY23	Q	1 FY24	Q	2 FY24	C	3 FY24	Q	4 FY24	FY2	24
GAAP total operating expenses	\$	276	\$	478	\$	440	\$	478	\$ 1,672	\$	524	\$	522	\$	550	\$	528	\$ 2	2,124	\$	536	\$	569	\$	550	\$	543	\$ 2,1	98
Stock-based compensation		55		172		139		139	505		150		149		151		144		594		146		160		149		139	59	94
Non-cash charitable contributions		2		2		2		2	8		1		1		_		2		4		1		1		2		2		6
Amortization of acquired intangibles		_		10		10		10	30		10		10		10		9		39		11		6		7		7	;	31
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		7		29		9		9	54		6		_		_		_		6		_		_		_		2		2
Restructuring costs		_		—		_			_		—		_		14		15		29		7		17		4		28	!	56
Non-GAAP total operating expenses	\$	212	\$	265	\$	280	\$	318	\$ 1,075	\$	357	\$	362	\$	375	\$	358	\$	1,452	\$	371	\$	385	\$	388	\$	365	\$ 1,50	09
Non-GAAP total operating expenses as a percentage of revenue		84.4 %		84.3 %		79.7 %		83.0 %	82.7 %		86.0 %		80.1 %		78.0 %		70.0 %		78.1 %		71.8 %		69.2 %		66.3 %		60.4 %	66	6.7 %
GAAP operating loss	\$	(91)	\$	(264)	\$	(199)	\$	(214)	\$ (768)	\$	(240)	\$	(208)	\$	(207)	\$	(157)	\$	(812)	\$	(160)	\$	(162)	\$	(111)	\$	(83)	\$ (51	16)
Stock-based compensation		65		188		156		157	566		171		170		172		164		677		166		185		172		161	68	84
Non-cash charitable contributions		2		2		2		2	8		1		1		—		2		4		1		1		2		2		6
Amortization of acquired intangibles		1		20		21		22	64		20		22		21		22		85		23		18		18		19	-	78
Acquisition and integration-related expenses		7		30		10		9	56		7		—		—		—		7		—		—		—		2		2
Restructuring costs		—		—		—					—		—		14		15		29		7		17		4		28	!	56
Non-GAAP operating income (loss)	\$	(16)	\$	(24)	\$	(10)	\$	(24)	\$ (74)	\$	(41)	\$	(15)	\$	—	\$	46	\$	(10)	\$	37	\$	59	\$	85	\$	129	\$ 3	10
Non-GAAP operating margin		(6.3)%		(7.8)%		(2.7)%		(6.2)%	(5.7)%		(9.9)%		(3.3)%		0.1 %		9.0 %		(0.5)%		7.1 %		10.6 %		14.7 %		21.2 %	13	3.7 %
Interest and other, net	\$	(19)	\$	(20)	\$	(22)	\$	(21)	\$ (82)	\$	(1)	\$	2	\$	2	\$	8	\$	11	\$	45	\$	58	\$	37	\$	39	\$ 1	79
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs		22		21		21		22	86		1		1		2		2		6		1		1		1		_		3
Gain on early extinguishment of debt		_		_		_			_		_		_		_		_		_		(31)		(42)		(18)		(15)	(10	J6)
Non-GAAP interest and other, net	\$	3	\$	1	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$ 4	\$	_	\$	3	\$	4	\$	10	\$	17	\$	15	\$	17	\$	20	\$	24	\$	76



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions, shares in thousands, except per share data)

	Q1 FY22	Q2 FY22	Q3 FY22	Q4 FY22	FY22	Q1 FY23	Q2 FY23	Q3 FY23	Q4 FY23	FY23	Q1 FY24	Q2 FY24	Q3 FY24	Q4 FY24	FY24
GAAP net loss	\$ (109)	\$ (277)	\$ (221)	\$ (241)	\$ (848)	\$ (243)	\$ (210)	\$ (209)	\$ (153)	\$ (815)	\$ (119)	\$ (111)	\$ (81)	\$ (44)	\$ (355)
Stock-based compensation	65	188	156	157	566	171	170	172	164	677	166	185	172	161	684
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs	22	21	21	22	86	1	1	2	2	6	1	1	1	_	3
Non-cash charitable contributions	2	2	2	2	8	1	1	—	2	4	1	1	2	2	6
Amortization of acquired intangibles	1	20	21	22	64	20	22	21	22	85	23	18	18	19	78
Acquisition and integration-related expenses	7	30	10	9	56	7	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	2	2
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(31)	(42)	(18)	(15)	(106)
Restructuring costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	15	29	7	17	4	28	56
Tax adjustment		_	—	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	(10)	(13)	(19)	(40)	(82)
Non-GAAP net income (loss)	\$ (12)	\$ (16)	\$ (11)	\$ (29)	\$ (68)	\$ (43)	\$ (16)	\$ —	\$ 52	\$ (7)	\$ 38	\$ 56	\$ 79	\$ 113	\$ 286
GAAP net loss per share, basic	\$ (0.83)	\$ (1.83)	\$ (1.44)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (5.73)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (1.34)	\$ (1.32)	\$ (0.95)	\$ (5.16)	\$ (0.74)	\$ (0.68)	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.26)	\$ (2.17)
Stock-based compensation	0.49	1.24	1.01	1.02	3.82	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.03	4.28	1.03	1.14	1.04	0.97	4.18
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs	0.16	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.58	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.01	_	0.03
Non-cash charitable contributions	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	_	—	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04
Amortization of acquired intangibles	0.01	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.44	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.13	0.55	0.13	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.47
Acquisition and integration-related expenses	0.05	0.20	0.07	0.07	0.38	0.04	—	—	—	0.04	—	—	—	0.01	0.01
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(0.19)	(0.26)	(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.65)
Restructuring costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.09	0.10	0.19	0.05	0.10	0.03	0.17	0.34
Tax adjustment	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(0.06)	(0.08)	(0.13)	(0.24)	(0.50)
Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, basic	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.46)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (0.10)	\$ —	\$ 0.33	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.68	\$ 1.75
Weighted-average shares outstanding used to compute non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, basic	131,777	151,357	153,756	154,720	148,036	155,875	157,400	158,708	160,038	158,023	161,323	162,755	164,381	166,002	163,634

GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations – Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions, shares in thousands, except per share data)

	Q1 FY22	Q2 FY22	Q3 FY22	Q4 FY22	FY22	Q1 FY23	Q2 FY23	Q3 FY23	Q4 FY23	FY23	Q1 FY24	Q2 FY24	Q3 FY24	Q4 FY24	FY24
GAAP net loss per share, diluted	\$ (0.83)	\$ (1.83)	\$ (1.44)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (5.73)	\$ (1.56)	\$ (1.34)	\$ (1.32)	\$ (0.95)	\$ (5.16)	\$ (0.74)	\$ (0.68)	\$ (0.49)	\$ (0.26)	\$ (2.17)
Adjustments for difference in weighted- average shares outstanding	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.07	_	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.02	0.19
Stock-based compensation	0.49	1.24	1.01	1.02	3.82	1.09	1.09	1.08	0.95	4.28	0.94	1.03	0.96	0.90	3.83
Amortization of debt discount and debt issuance costs	0.16	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.58	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.01	_	_	0.02
Non-cash charitable contributions	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	—	—	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03
Amortization of acquired intangibles	0.01	0.13	0.14	0.14	0.44	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.12	0.55	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.43
Acquisition and integration-related expenses	0.05	0.20	0.07	0.07	0.38	0.04	_	_	_	0.04	_	_	_	0.01	0.01
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(0.17)	(0.24)	(0.10)	(0.09)	(0.60)
Restructuring costs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.09	0.09	0.19	0.04	0.09	0.03	0.16	0.32
Tax adjustment	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(0.05)	(0.07)	(0.12)	(0.22)	(0.46)
Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, diluted	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.46)	\$ (0.27)	\$ (0.10)	\$ —	\$ 0.30	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.60
Weighted-average shares outstanding used to compute non-GAAP net income (loss) per															
share, diluted	131,777	151,357	153,756	154,720	148,036	155,875	157,400	158,708	174,026	158,023	176,195	178,742	179,285	179,249	178,397

Calculations of Key and Other Selected Metrics – Fiscal Quarters⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions, except headcount data)

	Q	1 FY22	Q	2 FY22	Q	3 FY22	Q	4 FY22	FY22	C	1 FY23	Q	2 FY23	Q	3 FY23	G	4 FY23	FY23	Q	1 FY24	Q	2 FY24	C	3 FY24	Q	4 FY24	F	FY24
Free Cash Flow and Margin																												
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	56	\$	(3)	\$	37	\$	14	\$ 104	\$	19	\$	(19)	\$	10	\$	76	\$ 86	\$	129	\$	53	\$	156	\$	174	\$	512
Less:																												
Purchases of property and equipment		(3)		(1)		(2)		(7)	(13)		(5)		(2)		(2)		(3)	(12)		_		(2)		(3)		(3)		(8)
Capitalized software		_		—		(2)		(2)	(4)		(3)		(3)		(2)		(1)	(9)		(5)		(2)		(3)		(5)		(15)
Free cash flow	\$	53	\$	(4)	\$	33	\$	5	\$ 87	\$	11	\$	(24)	\$	6	\$	72	\$ 65	\$	124	\$	49	\$	150	\$	166	\$	489
Operating cash flow margin		22.3 %		(0.8)%		10.6 %		3.5 %	8.0 %		4.5 %		(4.2)%		2.1 %		14.8 %	4.6 %		24.8 %		9.5 %	,	26.8 %		28.6 %		22.6 %
Free cash flow margin		21.0 %		(1.2)%		9.5 %		1.3 %	6.7 %		2.7 %		(5.3)%		1.2 %		14.1 %	3.5 %		24.0 %		8.7 %	•	25.7 %		27.6 %		21.6 %
Headcount																												
Total headcount		3,056		4,176		4,584		5,030	5,030		5,342	ł	5,776		6,037		6,013	6,013		5,683		5,806		5,913		5,908	5	5,908
y-y growth		28 %	I	68 %		76 %		79 %	79 %		75 %		38 %		32 %		20 %	20 %		6 %		1 %		(2)%		(2)%		(2)%
Revenue by Location																												
United States	\$	210	\$	250	\$	276	\$	300	\$ 1,036	\$	325	\$	353	\$	377	\$	401	\$ 1,456	\$	407	\$	439	\$	459	\$	478	\$1	,783
International		41		65		75		83	264		90		99		104		109	402		111		117		125		127		480
Total	\$	251	\$	315	\$	351	\$	383	\$ 1,300	\$	415	\$	452	\$	481	\$	510	\$ 1,858	\$	518	\$	556	\$	584	\$	605	\$ 2	2,263

(1) Amounts reported in millions are rounded based on the amounts in thousands. As a result, the sum of the components reported in millions may not equal the total amount reported in millions due to rounding. In addition, percentages presented may not add to their respective totals or recalculate due to rounding.





